TOR – Tourism Geography
T085

Wednesday, 09/11/2016

08:30 - 11:30

WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



P.O. BOX 2707 Kigali, Rwanda Tel: (+250) 255113365

ADVANCED LEVEL NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS, 2016, TECHNICAL AND PROFESSIONAL STUDIES

EXAM TITLE:

Tourism Geography

OPTION:

Tourism (TOR)

DURATION:

3hours

INSTRUCTIONS:

The paper is composed of three (3) main Sections as follows:

Section I: Seventeen (17) compulsory questions.

55 marks

Section II: Attempt **any three (3)** out of five questions.

30 marks

Section III: Attempt **any one (1)** out of three questions.

15 marks

Note:

Every candidate is required to carefully comply with the above instructions. Penalty measures will be applied on their strict consideration.

01.	Give three reasons why knowledge of geography is very important for the tourism business in Rwanda.	3 marks
02.	Define weather and outline four elements of weather.	3 marks
03.	Mention four factors which influence the climatic conditions in Rwanda.	4 marks
04.	Briefly describe four relief regions of Rwanda.	4 marks
05.	Which three types of vegetation that can be identified by tourists in the Ak National Park?	agera 3 marks
06.	Give three forests which are "protected areas" in Rwanda.	3 marks
07.	Which is the biggest Lake in Rwanda and what type of lake is it?	2 marks
08.	Mention three tourism activities which are carried out by tourists on the Lakes in Rwanda.	3 marks
09.	Define the process of volcanicity and give four resultant landforms which tourists can view in Rwanda.	4 marks
10.	Which two east African countries are crossed by the Equator?	2 marks
11.	Give the two major river basins which are a part of Rwanda and give an example of one river which connects to each of them?	4 marks
12.	Define Omnivores and give two examples of omnivores which can be found in the Nyungwe National Park.	4 marks
13.	What is the difference between the primary and secondary consumers in a food chain? Give one example of each consumer in the Akagera National marks	Park. 4
14.	Define Agro tourism and mention two agro tourism products which can be enjoyed by tourists in Rwanda?	4 marks
15.	Mention three of the Virunga Mountains which are found both in Rwanda and Uganda and their height.	3 marks
16.	Identify three reptile species which are found in the Akagera National Park	3 marks
17.	Give two types of protected areas which are found in Rwanda.	2 marks

- **18.** (a) Outline five instruments found in a weather station and briefly state their functions.
 - (b) Give two types of rainfall which are received in Rwanda. In which Provinces are they received?
 - (c) Mention three ways in which the climate conditions of Rwanda influence the tourism.
- 19. (a) Outline five characteristics of the savannah grassland vegetation.
 - (b) Give five causes of local community encroachment on the wetlands in Rwanda.

10 marks

- **20.** (a) Mention five tourist attractions of tourist curiosity around the northern province of Rwanda.
 - (b) Give five species of mammals which can be found in the Akagera National Park.
- 21. (a) Outline five types of landforms which tourists can view in Rwanda.
 - (b) Mention five ways in which the local community is participating in tourism in Rwanda.

10 marks

- 22. (a) What is the difference between abiotic and biotic factors?
 - (b) Give four examples of abiotic and biotic factors which influence life in an ecosystem.

10 marks

Section III. Choose and Answer any one (1) question

15 marks

- **23.** a) Briefly explain five ways in which the forests of Rwanda are used for tourism activities.
 - (b) Outline five human activities which threaten the conservation of forests in Rwanda.
 - (c) State five measures which can be used against deforestation in Rwanda. 15 marks
- **24.** (a) Briefly explain four internal geomorphic processes which have led to the formation of landforms in Africa.
 - (b) Give three rock types which are found in Rwanda.
 - (c) Mention four tourist activities which can be enjoyed by tourists in the Volcanoes
 National Park.

 15 marks
- **25.** (a) Briefly explain five benefits of the local community participation in tourism for Rwanda.
 - (b) What is a plateau? State three types of plateau which are found around the world.
 - (c) Give five types of accommodation facilities which are used by tourists in Rwanda.

15 marks